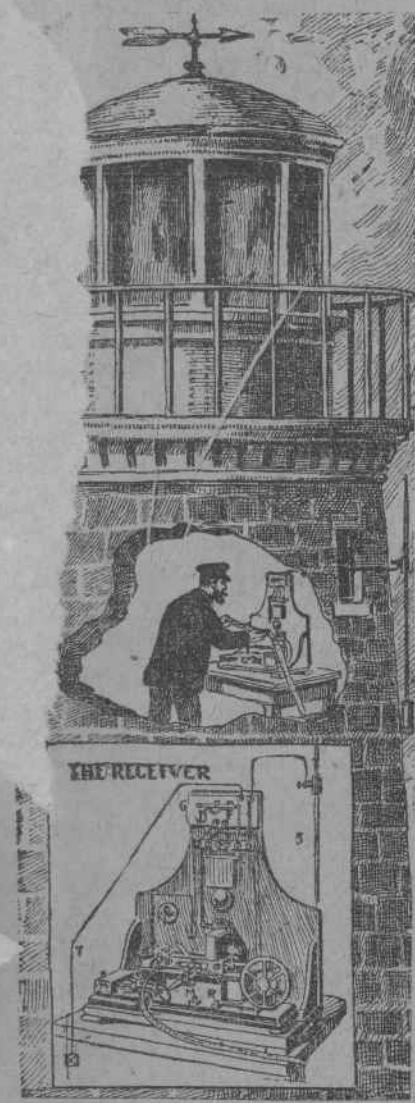


FRENCHMAN TELEGRAPHS 12 MILES WITHOUT WIRES.

M. Ducretet Tells Consul Gowdy of the Success of His Experiments for the Government, Rivaling Those of the Great Marconi, Whose System Saves Shipping on the English Coast.



In the South Foreland Lighthouse.

ANDRE NOT FOUND; STORY WAS A JOKE.

Reports That Interested the Whole World Founded on a Siberian Jest.

T. PETERSBURG, March 27.

The report of the finding of the bodies of Explorer Andre and party in Siberia, which aroused great interest in both Europe and America, turns out to be the result of a jest passed between two friends. The Russian Yedoksa published the following from an official contributor:

"I have just received a letter from a friend of mine, a doctor living in Siberia, which relates the true story of the origin of the latest rumor regarding the finding of the bodies of Andre and his companions. It was simply the outcome of the jest of two friends in Siberia. One of them, a mine owner, wrote to the other last summer from Krasnoyarsk that Andre and his companions had descended in their balloon at that town, that he had made their acquaintance and that he had drunk with Andre, whom he had found a most amiable man and an approved toper. The receiver of this letter, who had hastened to spread the news, it contained in all directions, resolved to revenge himself when he learned, soon afterward, that he had been hoaxed. Accordingly, some months later he wrote to his friend in Krasnoyarsk that some Tungus tribesmen had discovered the corpses of Andre and his two comrades. The rumor, which reached its destination when this letter reached its destination, had several persons dining with him, including a journalist, who immediately published the news in his paper, and telegraphed it to some other journals."

ENGLISH TOBACCO DEALERS

DODGE A TARIFF INCREASE.

A Record-Breaking Quantity of the Weed Withdrawn from Bond to Anticipate It.

London, March 27.—English tobacco manufacturers are evidently convinced that the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, intends to meet the treasury deficit by increasing the duty on tobacco.

At Liverpool, the centre of the trade, last week's delivery of untaxed tobacco from bond amounted to 1,331,807 pounds, constituting a record.

GERMANY GIVES UP

HER SAMOAN GRAB.

The Proposal for a Partition of the Island Abandoned Because the Other Powers Declined.

Berlin, March 27.—The National Zeitung today says the German proposal for partition of the Samoan Islands may be regarded as abandoned. This is owing to the little response received on the subject, particularly from Great Britain.

ENGLAND WONT COUPLE UP.

Bill Compelling Automatic Couplings for Care Put Off Again.

London, March 27.—In the House of Commons today, the President of the Board of Trade, C. T. Ritchie, said Her Majesty's Government did not intend to proceed during the present session of Parliament with the Automatic Couplings bill. This bill provides for the compulsory use of automatic couplings on all British railroads after a period of five years from the passage of the measure.

Make it a point when renting a furnished room or looking for a boarding house to consult the Journal's board and room directory.

PARIS.

March 27.—M. Ducretet can now send wireless telegraph messages a distance of thirteen miles. He is the inventor whose researches in aerial telegraphy have received the encouragement of the French Government ever since the remarkable success of Marconi in England. U. S. Consul General Gowdy had received instructions from Washington to keep the Government informed of French progress in this important branch of invention, and he applied to M. Ducretet for a summary of his discoveries. In reply, the electrician communicated the above fact, adding that his messages are dispatched and received at the summits of masts 90 feet high. He says that he has accomplished, in the face of great difficulties, the automatic registration of messages.

Wireless telegraphy made enormous strides last year in Europe. Although it has been experimented with in this country with more or less success, it is doubtful if many Americans realize that a system covering a distance of twelve miles has been in practical operation off the English coast all the winter.

This is between the South Foreland Lighthouse and the East Goodwin Lightship. By the use of Marconi's system messages are flashed continually from ship to shore and vice versa without the aid of a wire. In this way many lives and much valuable property have been saved, since it has been possible for the men tossed in the lightning to communicate to those on shore the plight of vessels that have ventured too close to that graveyard of good ships, the Goodwin Sands. This was notably the case several months ago when the large ship Elbe went aground.

Professor Marconi, the most successful of the many experimenters who have worked on this problem along identical principles, is only twenty-five years old, and his researches have already won him a fortune. He began the work in Italy, his native country, and the Italian Government hastened to pay him a handsome price for his invention for use on war ships. Then the young professor went to England, where he was received with open arms.

The lighthouse lightship equipment is one of the results of his labors in England. Confident that he could transmit messages a much greater distance than twelve miles, Marconi proposed to establish communication of this kind between the English and French coasts, but the French Government for a long time withheld its consent from any such enterprise. Viewing the progress of wireless telegraphy in England and Italy, however, and the fact that the German Emperor was dabbling in it for the benefit of his army and navy, the French Government at last withdrew its opposition to the transatlantic system, which Marconi is now working at, and at the same time gave its assistance and patronage to a native inventor, M. Ducretet, who had been working along the same lines without much encouragement.

On top of the tall building in Paris where M. Ducretet has his laboratory is reared a mast, through the top of which passes a wire which is connected in the laboratory below with an electric condenser, a Ruhmkorff coil and an accumulating battery made after a special plan.

The greater the distance between stations the higher must the receiving and transmitting instruments be installed above the surface of the earth. That is because the earth's horizon must not intervene between them. Strangely enough, though, it has been found in short distance experiments that when stone walls do not interfere with the current of electricity the precision of messages.

Without extraneous technical details about a discovery which presents many points of mystery even to scientists, it may be explained for the benefit of laymen that the principle by which one tuning fork will give out a note in response to the vibrations produced by the striking of another tuning fork near by.

LOIE FULLER SEEKS AID FROM "LAST RESORT" HEALER.

His Peculiar Methods of Treatment Have Won for Him Many Disciples in Paris.

Paris, March 27.—Loie Fuller, the popular American dancer, has placed herself under the treatment of a Dr. Edwards, a mystical healer, who is gathering disciples by hundreds from among credulous Parisians.

Dr. Edwards' methods are peculiar. After a brief conversation with the patient he runs his fingers along the region of the body where the pain is felt, and after pressing the point of the most intense pain, he begins to pick it up and throw it on the floor.

The office of the new healer is crowded day and night with sufferers. The patients, who fill the street and the sidewalks, whose cases have been pronounced incurable by other physicians, seek his help as a last resort.

VENEZUELAN HEARING

POSTPONED ONE MONTH.

It Must Wait Until M. Martens Can Attend the Czar's Disarmament Conference.

London, March 27.—The meeting of the Venezuelan Arbitration Tribunal will be postponed a month in consequence of the appointment of M. Martens, the Russian jurist, who is the umpire of the tribunal, as a delegate to the disarmament conference at The Hague.

Lord Chief Justice Russell, who succeeded the late Lord Herschell as a member of the tribunal, will go to his country residence at Tadworth, at Epsom, and will begin to study the documents in the case.

AMBASSADOR CHOATE'S SON IS TO STUDY LAW.

He Has Applied for Admission to the Middle Temple in "Dear Old London."

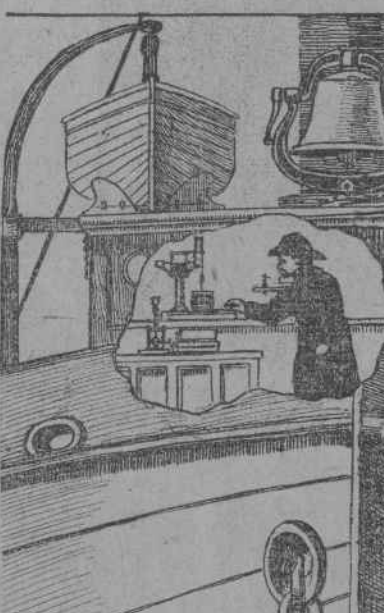
London, March 27.—Joseph H. Choate, Jr., has decided to study law in the Middle Temple and has applied for admission.

His intention is interesting just now, as a discussion is raging among the Benchers as to the advisability of admitting aliens to the English Bar, the question having arisen on account of the application of a Chinaman.

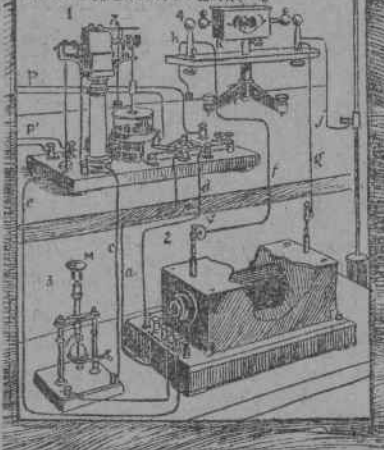
CHOATE HAS A BAD COLD.

American Ambassador at London Confined to His Room.

London, March 27.—Mr. Joseph H. Choate, the United States Ambassador, is confined to his room with a severe cold and has been obliged to cancel his engagements for the immediate future.



In the East Goodwin Lightship.



In the East Goodwin Lightship.

CUBAN BANDITS GROWING BOLDER.

American Troops Called on to Suppress Them in Pinar Del Rio Province.

HAVANA, March 27.—The bandits near Guanajay, Province of Pinar del Rio, are still active. General Diaz, the Cuban commander in that district, has published a proclamation to the Sixth Army Corps, asking the troops to make every effort to effect a speedy termination of the disorder in that Province. It is said here that the bandits will now be energetically pursued.

The bandit leader was during the war the guide of Colonel Pedro Delgado, of the Cuban Army.

It is believed that the bandits of Guanajay are probably part of a larger body, which contemplated an uprising in the Province of Pinar del Rio and Havana.

An outbreak in Havana Province. It is added, was prevented by the recent sudden death at Havana of their leader.

The bandits across the border of the Province stole some horses and cows from the Lago Remedios estate, near Artenida, yesterday, and the Cubans, following the trail, found the robbers had gone in the direction of the town of Guanajay, where all trace of them was lost. It is not known definitely whether the bandits are Cubans or Spaniards.

JAPAN PROPOSES SUBSIDIES FOR OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Fast Vessels Wanted to Ply to Europe.

San Francisco and Seattle.

Port Townsend, Wash., March 27.—Letters from Yokohama, received by today's steamer, say that a bill has been introduced in the Japanese House of Representatives granting special navigation subsidies for a period of ten years to steamship lines plying from Japan to European ports, and to Seattle and San Francisco, in America.

The European line is to receive annually, 2,673,833 yen; Seattle line, 654,390 yen; San Francisco line, 1,013,880 yen. The yen is equivalent to 49.8 cents American money.

The conditions of the subsidies require: Twelve steamers of more than 6,000 tons each, having a maximum speed of over fourteen knots per hour, for the European line.

Three steamers, each of more than 6,000 tons gross, with a maximum speed of seventeen knots, for the San Francisco line.

Three steamers, each of more than 6,000 tons gross, with a maximum speed of fifteen knots, for the Seattle line.

The steamer for Europe must sail twenty-six times a year; San Francisco, fourteen times, and Seattle, thirteen times. A committee appointed to investigate the subject of nationalization of railways met at Yokohama, March 6.

CUBAN ASSEMBLY NOW APPEALS TO M'KINLEY.

A Delegation Coming to Washington to Ask Adjustment of Differences with General Brooke.

Washington, March 27.—Acting Secretary of War Melkoff received notice today that the Cuban Assembly, which has been causing so much trouble in the settlement of the claims of Gomez's army, will send a delegation to Washington at once.

The delegation will be authorized to present petitions to the Secretary of War and the President, asking for recognition and the adjustment of grievances of claims to have against General Brooke.

Secretary Alger, who is now in Havana, has, it is reported here, refused to interfere between the Assembly and General Brooke, and it is believed that the President will decline to receive the delegates in an official way.

NEW YORK BISHOPS ON POPE'S LETTER.

His Words on "Americanism" Accepted Through Archbishop Corrigan.

THESE QUESTIONS SETTLED

The Prelates Say They Can Now Rejoice as American Citizens and American Catholics.

Special Cable to the Journal. (Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

ROME, March 27.—Archbishop Corrigan of New York, this sent a letter to the Pope in the name of the bishops of the province of New York. The letter is an official utterance of the bishops of Albany, Rochester, Trenton, Newark, Buffalo, Brooklyn, Ogdensburg and Syracuse. It expresses the gratitude of the bishops for the letter which the Holy Father sent to America regarding what is called "Americanism." The Archbishop writes:

"The bishops received the letter of Your Holiness and accepted it sentence for sentence, word for word. It was accepted in the sense intended by Your Holiness, which is no other than the sense of all leaders of the Universal Church. Henceforth we will regard these questions as settled once for all.

"Thanks to Your Holiness, the hybrid theories to which the name 'Americanism' has been given, died almost at their birth. This misconception being now removed, it remains for us to submit in true humility the success which has attended your letter adds to your glory. Without your intervention they would have fallen into a trap.

"We can now boldly face the world as Catholic Americans, holding it a glorious privilege to be Americans, because our nation is great in its institutions, its enlightenment, its rapid development, its progress and activity. But we can take equal pride in being the faithful followers of the Holy See, adhering, unflinchingly, to the Christian doctrine of religious discipline, of its faithful care and apostolic benevolence.

By direction of the Holy Father, Cardinal Rampolla has written to Archbishop Corrigan, acknowledging the receipt of the letter, which the Pontiff Fathers forwarded to Rome February 28, and expressing the special pleasure and satisfaction which this document afforded the Sovereign Pontiff.

CHINESE OFFICIALS RESTORED TO FAVOR.

Dowager Empress Astonishes the Court Attaches Who Had Been Degraded.

Tientsin, March 27.—Chinese advisers state that by royal decree the Empress Dowager of China has restored to Jung Lu, Grand Secretary, all his honors. Chop Su, formerly President of the Board of Ceremonies, who was degraded three steps, has been given his former rank, Sung Kuang, Controller of the Household, and titles handed back to him and Wei Teh, the Censor, is now permitted to wear his peacock feathers. These restorations were unexpected and are causing much comment in Chinese political circles.

Strenuous efforts are being put forth for the suppression of piracy on the Canton West River, which of late has grown to immense proportions.

The Viceroy has sent several old German sixteen-knot torpedo boats to West River for the protection of shipping, and has threatened the captains of guard boats with degradation on account of their lack of vigilance.

DREYFUS DOSSIER BEFORE THE JUDGES.

Court of Cassation Holds a Long Secret Session and Examines the Famous Document.

Paris, March 27.—The secret dossier in the Dreyfus case is now in the hands of the judges of the full Court of Cassation.

The famous document was received today with great formality. The Court immediately held a protracted secret session in order to examine the dossier.

AMERICAN EXERCISES AT HAVANA.

Havana, March 27.—The American line steamer Paris, Captain Watkins, having on board the party of Americans now making a tour of the West Indies, arrived here at 6 o'clock this morning from Santiago de Cuba.

ARGENTINE-CHILI ARBITRATORS MEET.

London, March 27.—The arbitrators in the boundary dispute between Argentina and Chili held their first meeting at the Foreign Office this afternoon and adjourned until after Easter.

SAMPSON IS AT KINGSTON.

Washington, March 27.—Rear Admiral Sampson has notified the Navy Department of the arrival of his squadron at Kingston, Jamaica.

SEVEN AMERICANS SENTENCED TO DIE

Young Fellows Reported Arrested as Filibusters in Guatemala.

ONE MAY BE SLAIN ALREADY

But the State Department Is Assured That No American Citizens Are Imprisoned There.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—From information from Guatemala City that reached this city today on the steamer Pizarro from Port Barrios, Guatemala, it is believed that the seven young Americans who were recently arrested there as filibusters have been carried into the interior and are now believed to be under sentence of death in Guatemala City.

Six of the men were taken prisoners on the coast and the seventh was arrested in the capital, whether he had gone as bearer of a message to the revolutionary leader in that place.

The six men from the coast are John Roberts, James Dairymple, W. Johnson, Cherrill, Girdley, Charles Brett and Journey, and the name of the courier, who is believed even before now to have been executed, is Harris. The latter was arrested with a letter from Colonel Jofre, at Guatemala, but by the time he reached the capital, Roberts, it is reported, was arrested and sentenced to death.

The young courier was met when only a few miles distant from Guatemala City, and was taken to the interior, on a well-known railroad contractor, but went ahead and walked into the hands of the Government.

The seven Americans are part of the Kansas City filibuster expedition that recently disbanded in New Orleans. About twenty-five of the men went on. Kirkpatrick, Leach and Hall were expelled from Guatemala and are now in New Orleans.

Washington, March 27.—Secretary of State Hay received today a cable message from the Charge d'Affaires at Guatemala City, saying that there were no American citizens imprisoned either in Honduras or Guatemala.

After a conference with Senator Cockrell, who is interested in the case, because the men alleged to be in danger of death are his constituents, the Secretary instructed the Charge d'Affaires to more closely investigate the report as to the men being imprisoned in Honduras. The Navy Department has also ordered the Maclachlan to proceed to Honduras to inquire into the matter.

The Americans who are said to be in peril are part of a filibustering expedition which started from Kansas City some time ago to go to Central America. The main body was stopped at New Orleans, but six members, it is asserted, reached Honduras, where they were promptly imprisoned.

ARGENTINE AND CHILI SETTLE THEIR DISPUTE.

Boundary Line Has Been Agreed Upon by the Home Commission.

Special Cable to the Journal. (Copyright, 1899, by the New York Journal and Advertiser.)

London, March 27.—The Arbitration Tribunal appointed for the purpose of investigating the boundary dispute between Argentina and Chili held its first meeting at the Foreign Office today, with Lord McMahon as the presiding officer.

The next meeting will not be held until after the Easter vacation, as the Argentine Minister in London has received a message from his Government which says that the Home Commission, composed of United States Minister Buchanan and one Argentine and one Chili delegate, which has also considered the question, has settled on a boundary line.

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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

and has been made under his personal supervision since his infancy.

Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. J. Hatcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 29 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Weary and Worn

Work and drudge! Health disregarded! Haven't time to be sick. Tired and ailing but can't stop work.

Stop long enough to remember that all there is in life is forfeited when health goes. Pay attention to early symptoms and write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Mrs. Evelyn Wood, 518 Fulton Street, Peoria, Ill., writes:

"I wish to say to my suffering sisters that if they want to be free from those dreadful diseases with which women are so apt to be afflicted, take Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for four years. My troubles were leucorrhoea and irregular menstruation. The menses appeared too often, and lasted too long. I became very poor, looked badly, had no appetite. I felt as though death would be a relief. My friends advised me to take more out-of-door exercise, but hardly realized that I was too weak to go out. I resolved to try Mrs. Pinkham's medicines, and after taking several bottles of Compound, also used the Liver Pills and Sanative Wash, I can truly say I am enjoying a new life. Menses have become regular, and last the proper length of time. I feel better than I have for ten years. I praise your medicine to all my friends. If any one would like to write to me in regard to your Vegetable Compound, and what it has done for me, I will gladly answer their letter."

Mrs. S. Barnhart, New Castle, Pa., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I intended to have written to you before, but since my recovery I have been very busy. I had been sick ever since my marriage, seven years ago; have given birth to seven children, and had two miscarriages. I had falling of womb, leucorrhoea, pains in back and legs; dyspepsia and a nervous trembling of the stomach. Now I have none of these troubles and can enjoy my life. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has worked wonders for me."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will surely aid suffering women and the sympathetic advice of Mrs. Pinkham is always promptly forthcoming on request.

Mrs. Bradish's Happy Letter.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—About two years ago I began to run down and soon became almost a wreck. I lost my appetite and began to lose flesh; my blood was impoverished and I had to leave my store. The doctor gave me a little tonic, but I steadily grew worse and consulted another doctor. He helped me in some ways, but my headaches continued, and I began to have night sweats and my rest was so disturbed that I would have hysteria and would cry and worry over business matters and my poor health. Finally, husband took me South, but with no benefit. This was a year ago; no one can ever know what a winter of misery I spent. Would blot after eating and was troubled with palpitation of heart and whites. Having read by happy chance of your medicine, I bought it and wrote for your advice, and before having finished the first bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the hysterics nearly stopped and I slept soundly. I used seven or eight bottles with such benefit that I am as healthy as I can ever remember of being. I shall never cease to sound your praises."—Mrs. E. M. Bradish, 179 Dix Av., Detroit, Mich.

More Than a Million Women Have Been Helped by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine.

Did you notice—of course you did too! Make it a point when renting a furnished room or looking for a boarding house to consult the Journal's board and room directory.